

CLP COMMISSION MEETING

19th October 2023

4. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) AND THE INCOTERMS[®] RULES

CLP Discussion Lab: exploring possible applications of AI in the context of the Incoterms 2020 Rules. Part 2

Valle García de Novales, Vice-Chair CLP Commission Dra. Marta Prado, Vice-Chair ICC Spain CLP Commission **Some context (27 Apr 2023):** ICC Spain's CLP Commission is currently working on a research study to collect bad practices in the selection and use of Incoterms[®] Rules. We wonder if AI technology could be applied to:

- 1. Know which key factors currently lead users to select a specific Incoterms Rule.
- 2. Help users select the most suitable rule in view of their circumstances.

Some context (19 Oct 2023): Ibero-American Report on the Use

of Incoterms® 2020 Rules.

- 1. Extended use of Incoterms Rules.
- 2. Incorrect use of Incoterms Rules.
- 3. Unconscious use of Incoterms Rules.

<u>Cause</u>: lack of knowledge and/or lack of understanding by sellers and buyers, and in general, along the entire logistics chain (end-to-end) of the meaning and use of the Rules.

Possible root causes:

- 1. Current media/dissemination channels are not enough (according to the Ibero-American study, 55% of users do not know the official source of knowledge on the Rules).
- 2. Users of the Rules are not aware of their incorrect use of the Rules. Their use is based on *"what we have always done"* and is not contrasted against official sources.

How is ICC currently trying to solve this problem?

- 1. Publications like No.175 on Incoterms[®] 2020 Rules and guides as "the ICC Transport and Incoterms[®] 2020 Handbook").
- 2. Training (ICC Academy).
- 3. Rules Update every 10 years.
- 4. Initiatives by National and Regional Committees, i.e.:
 - Incoterms[®] 2020 Digital Guide by ICC Germany.
 - <u>Ibero-American Report on the use of the Incoterms[®] 2020</u> <u>Rules</u>.

Is it enough?

Our proposal:

- Facilitate knowledge of the Rules by users by using **AI** techniques and, specifically, Generative AI.
- <u>How</u>: Creating a **Bot/Assistant** (like ChatGPT):
 - Allowing users to interact by using **natural language.**
 - Free statement by users of what they are looking for, not being limited by a closed number of options.
 - If the Bot need more **information** to select a Rule, it will establish a **dialogue** by making **questions** to the user.
 - The Bot will answer in a **reliable and reasoned** way.
 - The initial scope of this Bot would be focused on Incoterms Rules but could be open to other areas of international trade (international contracts, documentary credits, transport documents, customs..)

This would allow ICC to:

- Provide a more direct and personalized service.
- Reach more users directly.
- Have a better understanding of what are users looking for when using Incoterms[®] Rules, by analyzing the questions.
- Improve the system by analyzing the feedback.
- Have a new revenue model (pay per use, premium services, advertising...)
- This service could be provided subject to prior registration, allowing to obtain new users of ICC traditional services (training...)

Why not using any of the current generative AI services (ChatGPT, GPT-4, Claude, Google Bard):

- Lack of **accuracy** in the answer.
- Randomness in the answer.
- Lack of argumentation or, what is worse, incorrect argumentation leading to a false appearance of verisimilitude.
- Current services prioritize giving a valid response, without verifying that the user has provided **all requested information**.
- Lack of **privacy** for users.
- ICC does not obtain feedback to improve the text of the Rules.
- Some of them are **paid** services.

Commercial systems, rather than a solution, are a problem themselves, since they answer and argue incorrectly, without the ability to determine when they are doing it right and when they are doing it wrong.



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